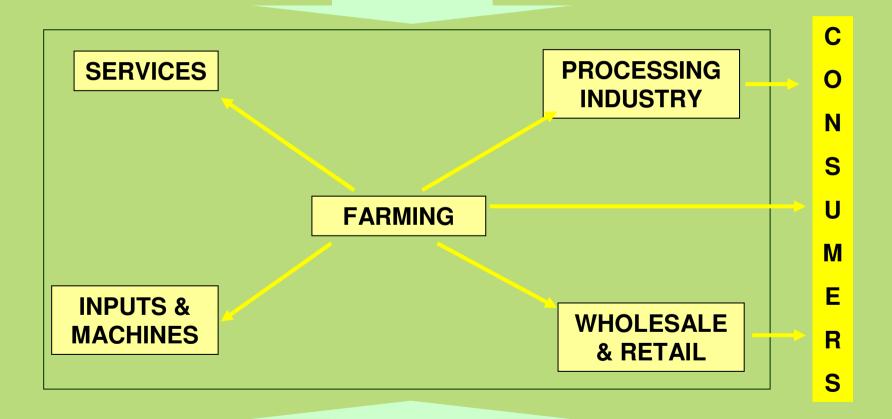
BRAZILIAN AGRIBUSINESS



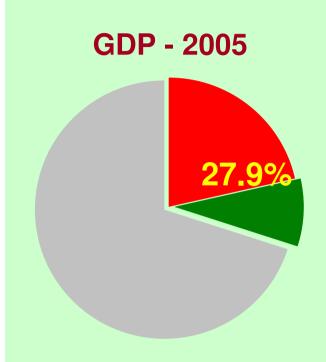
The Agribusiness meaning

INSTITUTIONAL ENVIRONMENT
CULTURE, TRADITIONS, EDUCATION, CUSTOMS



ORGANIZATIONAL ENVIRONMENT INFORMATION, ASSOCIATION, R&D, FINANCES, FIRMS

Agribusiness was responsible for:

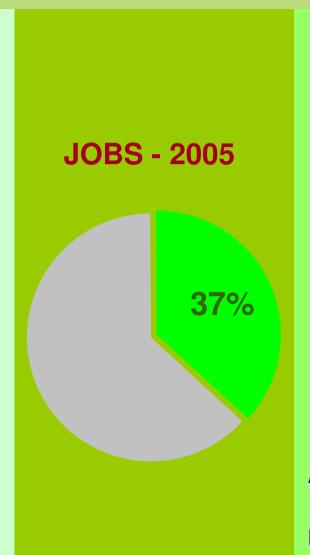


Total: US\$ 796 bi

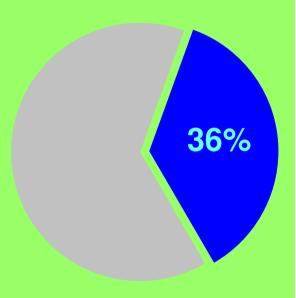
Agribusiness: US\$ 222.1 bi

Agriculture: US\$ 156.1 bi (70.3%) Livestock: US\$ 66.0 billion (29.7%)

Non-Agribusiness: US\$ 573.9 bi



EXPORTS - 2006



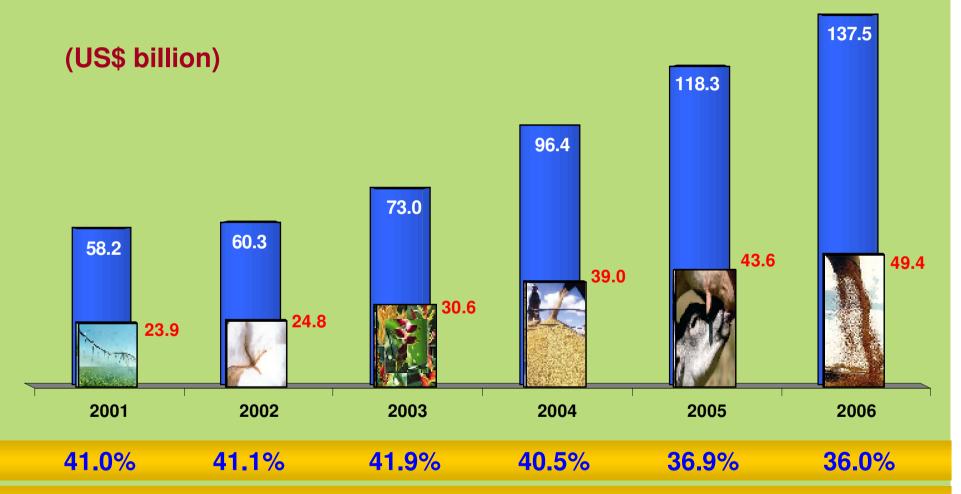
Total: US\$ 137.5 bi

Agribusiness US\$ 49.4 bi

Non-Agribusiness US\$ 88.1 bi

Sources: CEPEA-USP/CNA, MAPA and IPEA

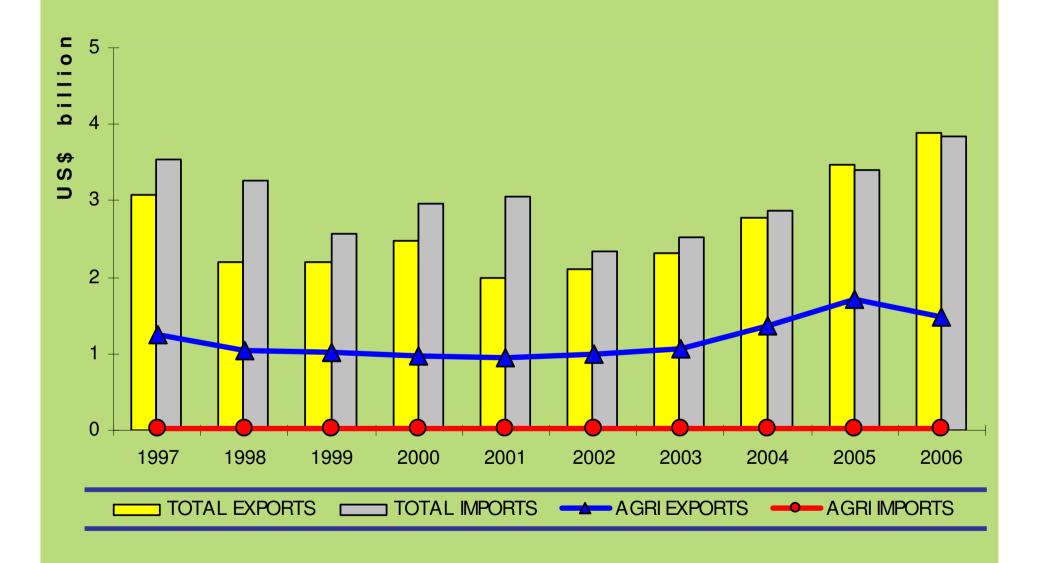
Brazilian Exports: total x agribusiness



AGRIBUSINESS PARTICIPATION

Source: MAPA

Brazil – Japan Trade Flow



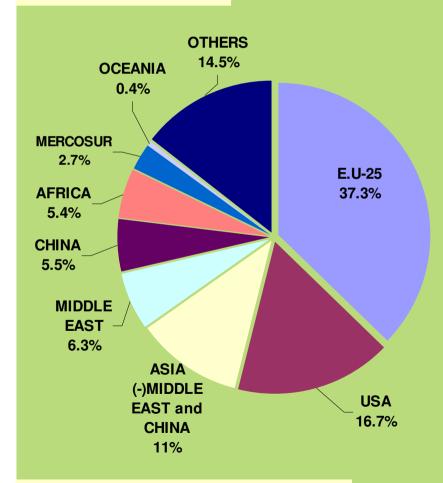
Source: AgroStat Brasil - MAPA / MDIC

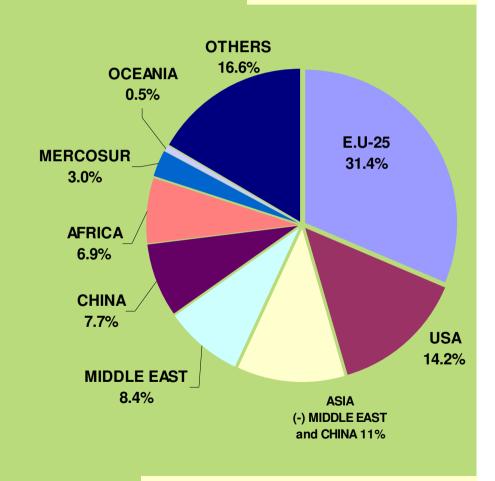
Brazilian Exports (by value): Main Markets

2002 2006

Total: US\$ 24.8 bi







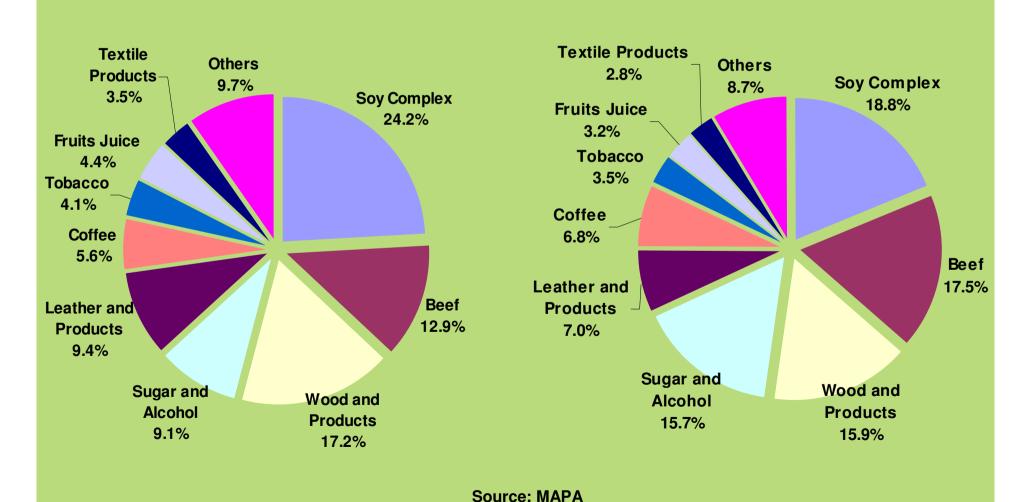
Japan: 3.99% (US\$ 990 million)

Source: MAPA

Japan: 2.98% (US\$ 1.5 bilion)

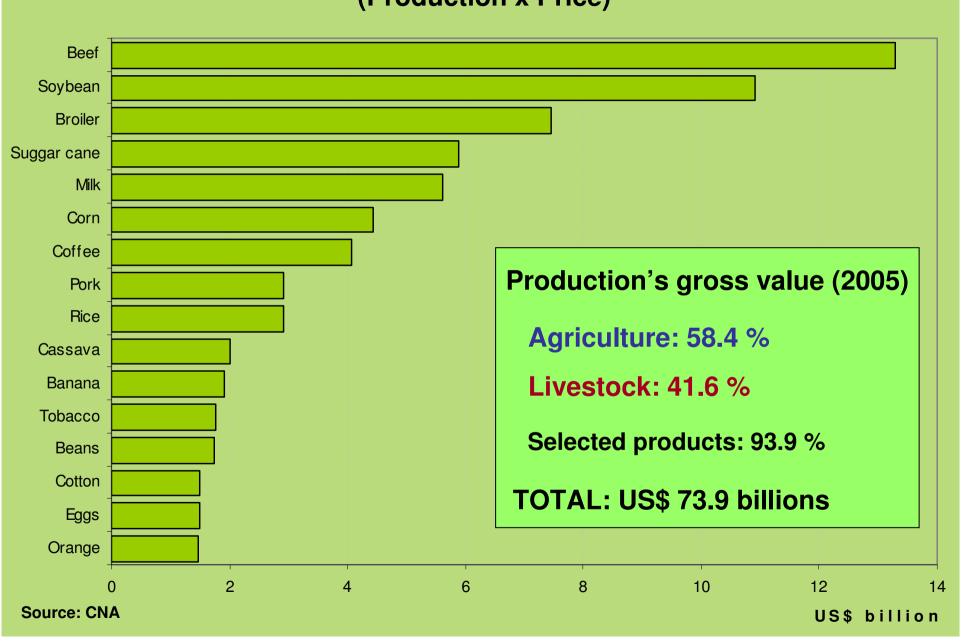
Brazilian Exports (by value): Main Products

2002 2006

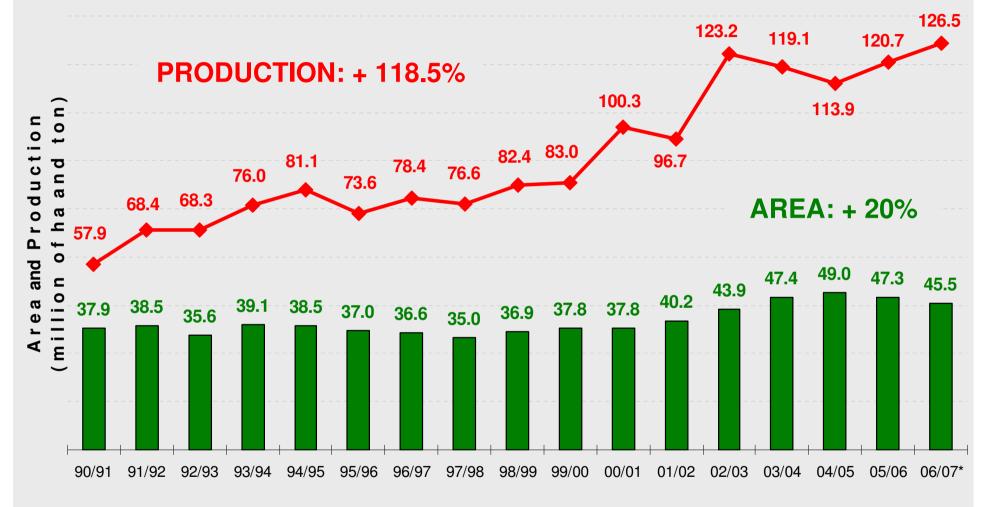


Production's Gross Value - Main Products (2005)

(Production x Price)



Grain Production

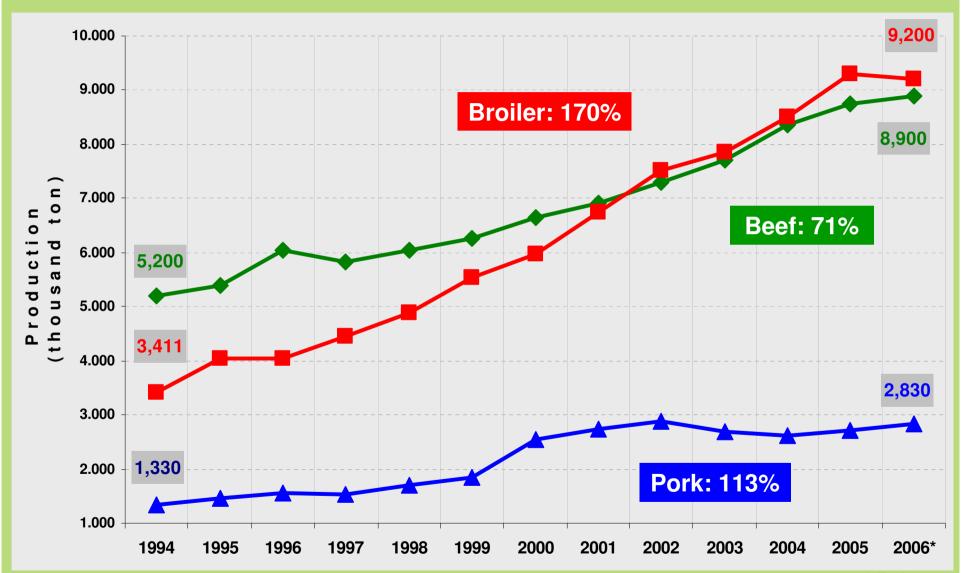


PRODUTIVIDADE: +86.7%

GRAINS: cotton, peanut, rice, oats, rye, barley, beans, sunflowers, castor bean, corn, soy, sorgum, wheat and triticale.

Source: Conab / MAPA * Estimate (5th Grain Harvest Survey: February/2007)

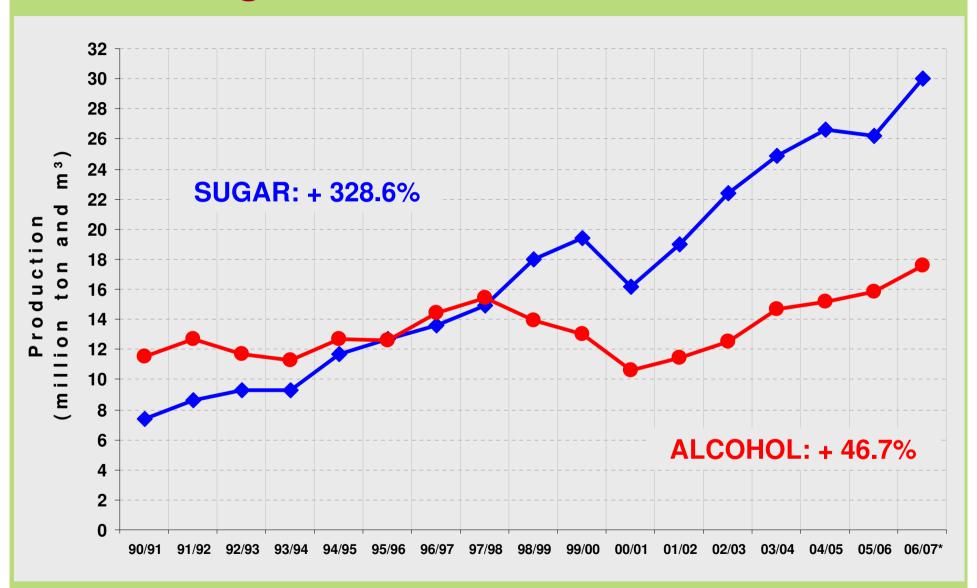
Meat Production



* Estimate

Sources: ABEF, ABIEC and ABIECS

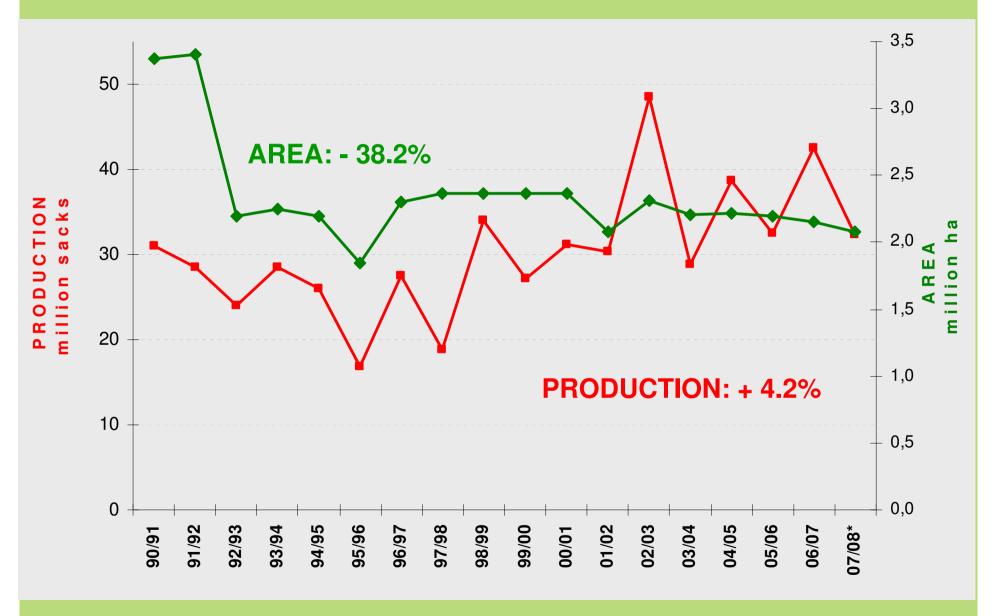
Sugar and Alcohol Production



Sources: SPAE / MAPA and Conab / MAPA

* Estimate (3rd Sugar Cane Harvest Survey: November/2006)

Coffee Production



Soures: USDA and EMBRAPA / Conab (after 1996)

* Projection (1st Coffee Harvest Survey: December/2006)

Ranking 2006: Production and Exports

Main Products	Production	Exports	Number of Markets	Total Exports US\$ milhões
Suggar	1 st	1 st	113	6,167
Coffee	1 st	1 st	134	3,364
Orange Juice	1 st	1 st	82	1,469
Soy Complex	2 nd	1 st	74	9,308
Beef	2 nd	1 st	144	3,923
Tobacco	2 nd	1 st	114	1,752
Alcohol	2 nd	1 st	40	1,605
Broiler	3 rd	1 st	145	3,203
Corn	3 rd	4 th	34	460
Pork	4 th	4 th	72	1,036

Sources: USDA and F.O. Litch's

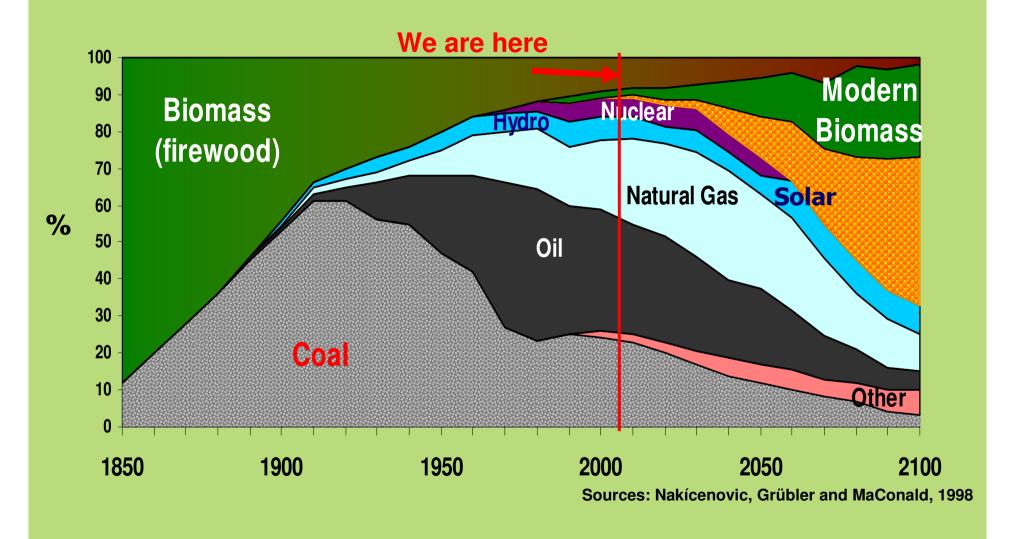
Preliminary data

AGROENERGY:

THE NEW PARADIGM OF WORLD AGRICULTURE



21st Century: the beginning of a New Era



Challenge for mankind: TO DIVERSIFY ENERGY SOURCES

Why BIOFUELS?

Environmental gains

- carbon capture
- lower emission levels in consumption

Renewability

- short production cycle
- man-controlled process

Economic aspects

- new component of the demand
- impacts on trade balance

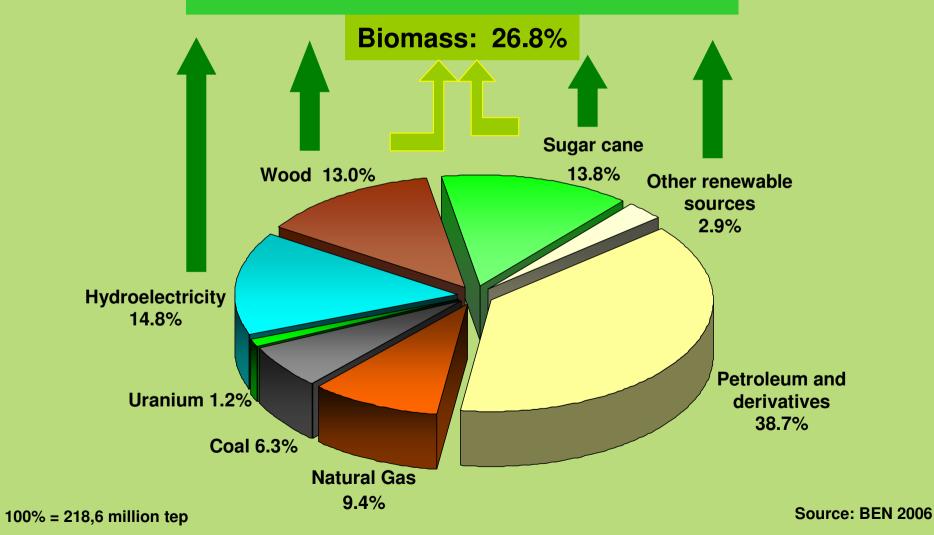
Social aspects

- jobs creation
- income deconcentration

Brazilian energetic matrix - 2005

WORLD: Renewable Sources 13.3%

BRAZIL: Renewable Sources 44.5%



Brazilian Experience: nowadays...



- 1) Since 2003, models of Flex-Fuel Vehicles can use any mixture of gasoline and alcohol.
- 2) More than 2.7 million flex-fuel vehicles.

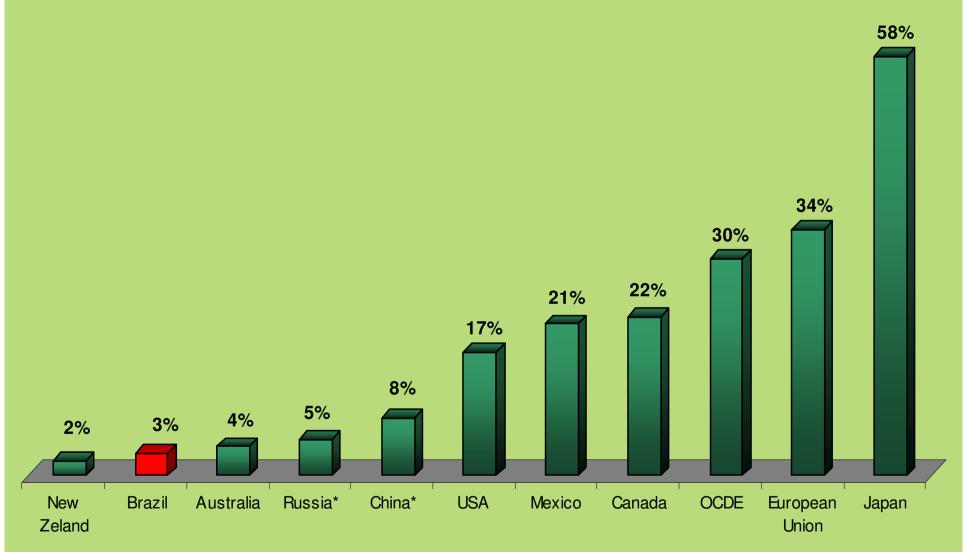


to promote agribusiness' sustainable development and competitiveness in benefit of the Brazilian society.

- ✓ economic viability
 - √ social justice
- ✓ environmental sustainability

Producer Subsidy Equivalent (PSE)

Average (2002-2004)



* Average 2002-2003

Source: OCDE

Forced labour exploitation is a crime in Brazil

World:

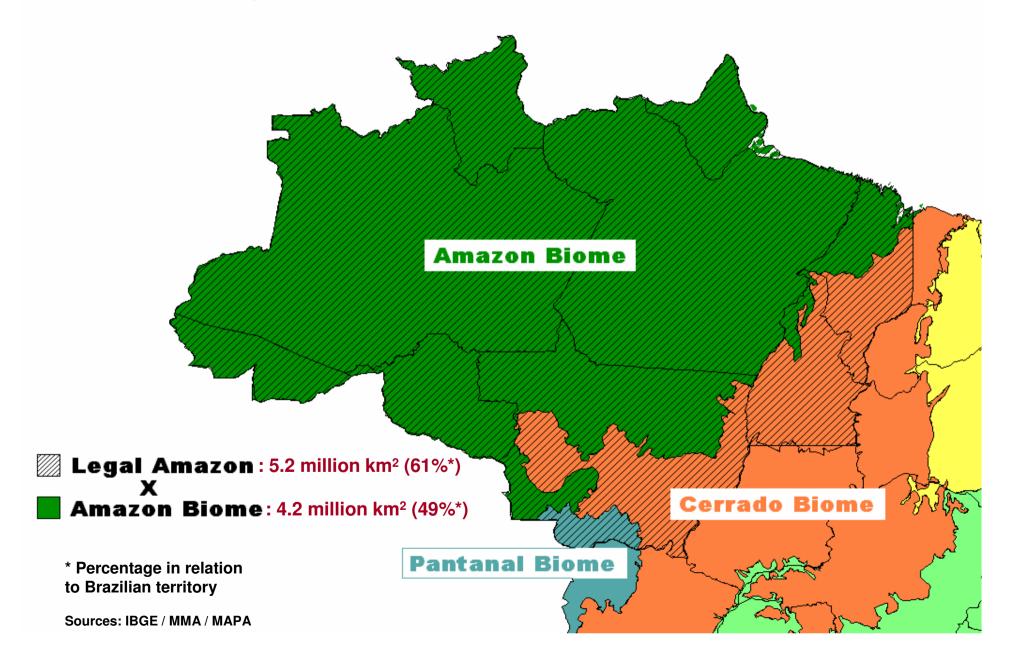
✓ forced labour = 12,300,000 people (ILO)

Brazil:

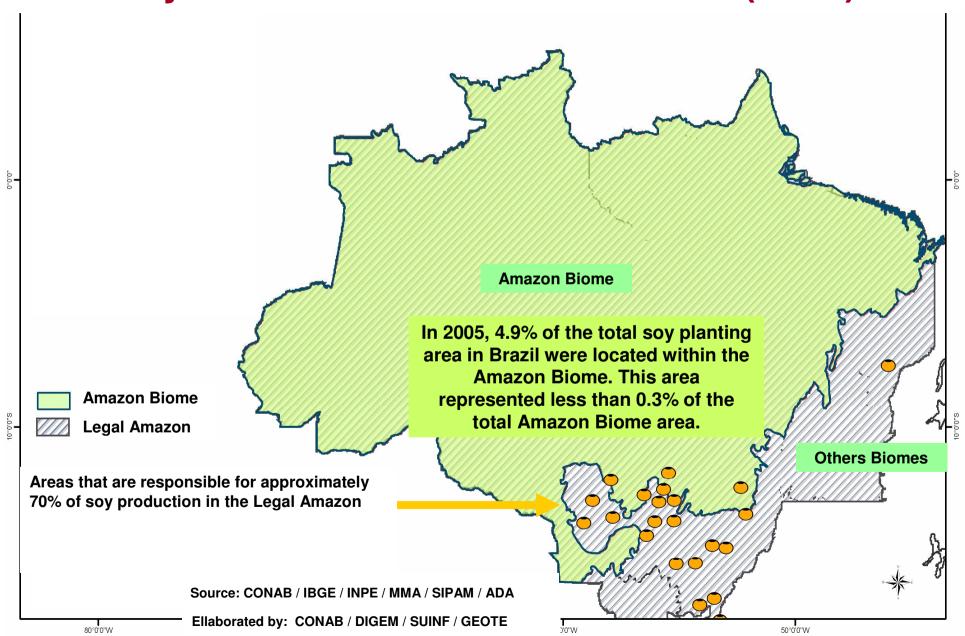
- √ 4,273 rural workers in forced labour in 2005
- √ 17,700,000 people working in agribusiness

The ILO 2005 Report considered Brazil as an <u>example</u> on fight against forced labour

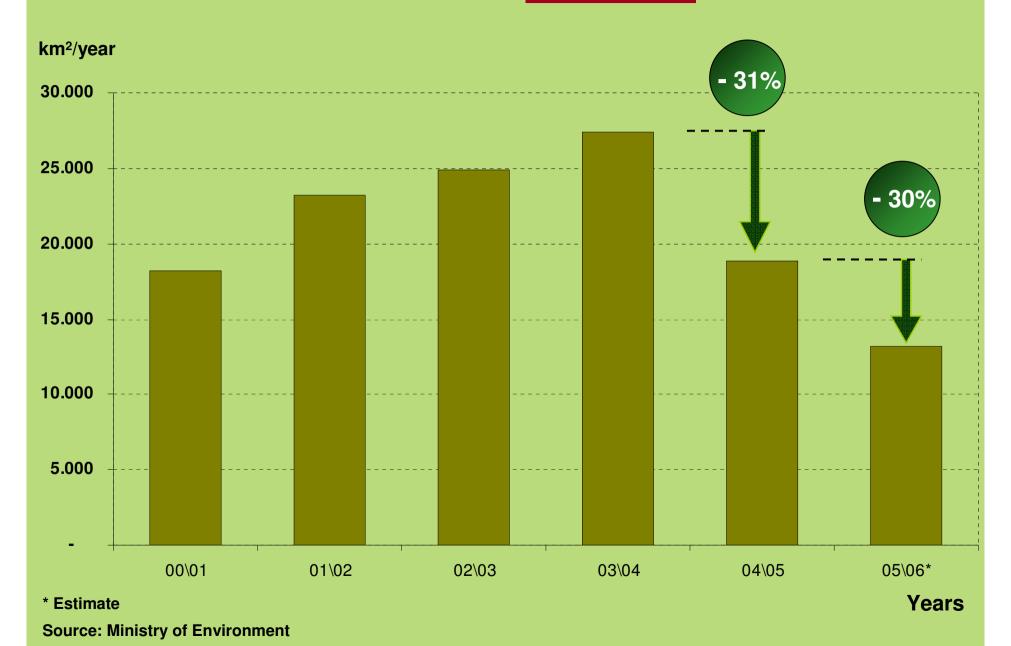
Legal Amazon X Amazon Biome



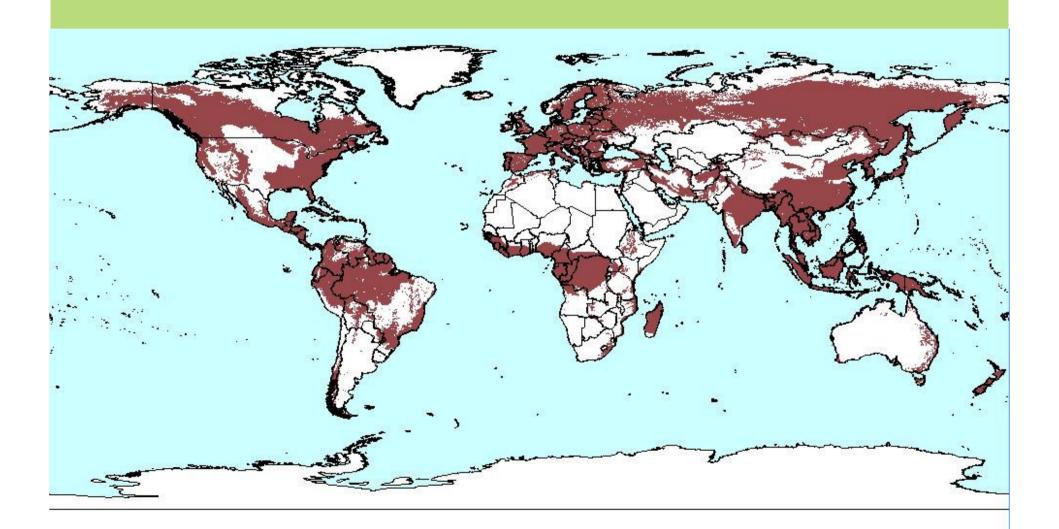
Soy Production - Amazon Biome (2005)



Gross tax of deforestation reduction in the Amazon

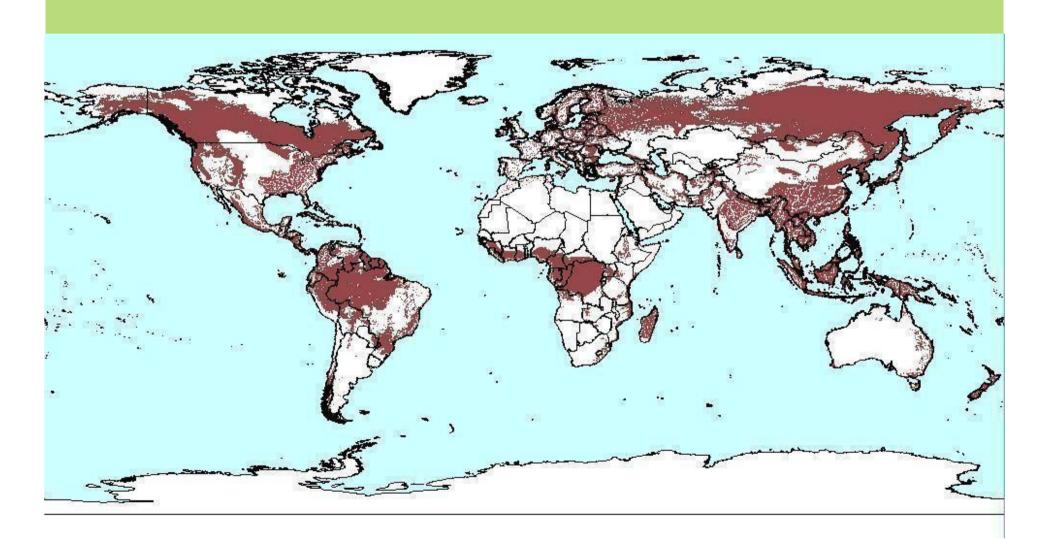


Original Forests: 8.000 years ago

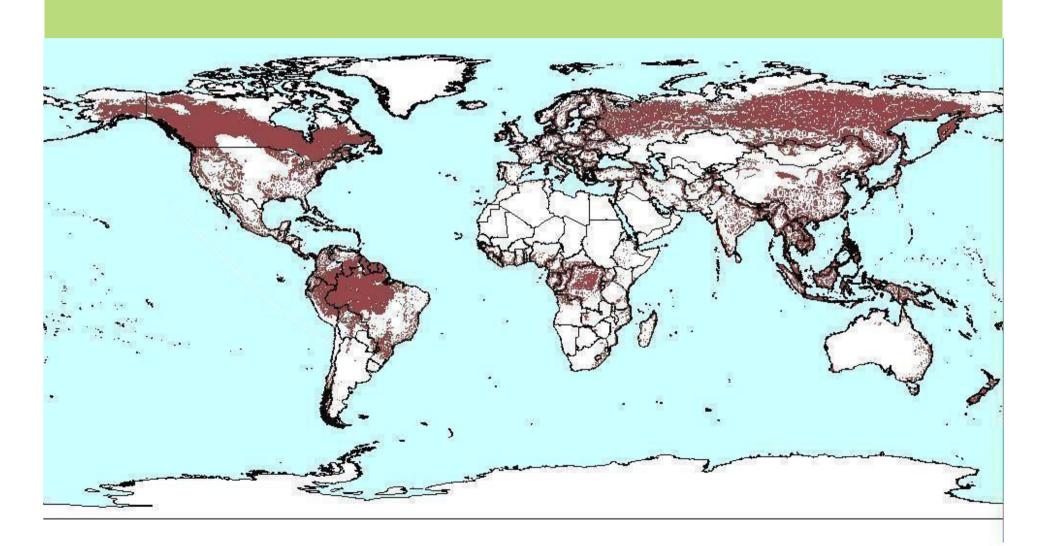


www.globalforestwatch.org

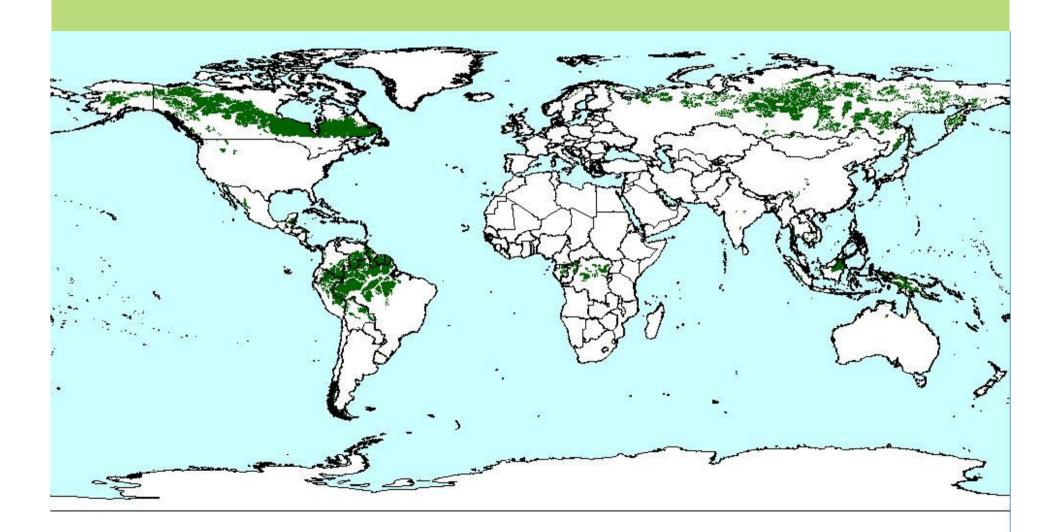
Original Forests: year 1850



Original Forests: year 1950



Original Forests: year 1997



www.globalforestwatch.org

Original Forests

(1000 km²)

	Original Forest 8000 B.P.	%	1000	%	1650	%	1850	%	1950	%	Currently	%
African	6,799	100	6,459	95	5,779	85	5,099	75	2,380	35	527	7.8
Asia	15,132	100	13,619	90	11,349	75	8,323	55	3,783	25	844	5.6
North America	10,877	100	10,333	95	9,245	85	8,158	75	5,439	50	3,737	34.4
Central America	1,779	100	1,743	98	1,334	75	890	50	712	40	172	9.7
South America	11,709	100	11,592	99	11,475	98	11,124	95	8,196	70	6,412	54.8
Russian	11,759	100	10,583	90	9,407	80	7,055	60	5,880	50	3,448	29.3
Europe	4,690	100	3,752	80	1,407	30	469	10	235	5	14	0.3
Oceania	1,431	100	1,402	98	1,288	90	1,073	75	716	50	319	22.3
World	64,176	100	59,484	92.7	51,285	79,9	42,190	65.7	27,339	42.6	15,473	24.1
Brazil	6,304	100	6,241	99	6,178	98	5,989	95	5,043	80	4,378	69.4

B.P.: Before Present

Brazilian Agribusiness Potential

Potential

- ✓ Land availability:
 Pasture area = 220 million ha
- ✓ Appropriate climate:
 Up to three harvests during the same season
- Technology for tropical agriculture
- ✓ Qualified human resources
- ✓ Public Policies

Sustainable Production

Territorial	distribution	- estimate
	(million ha)	

360
220
55
47
15
20
5
722
38
91
851

Sources: IBGE and Conab Adaptation: MAPA

Potential of Production

Brazilian Livestock

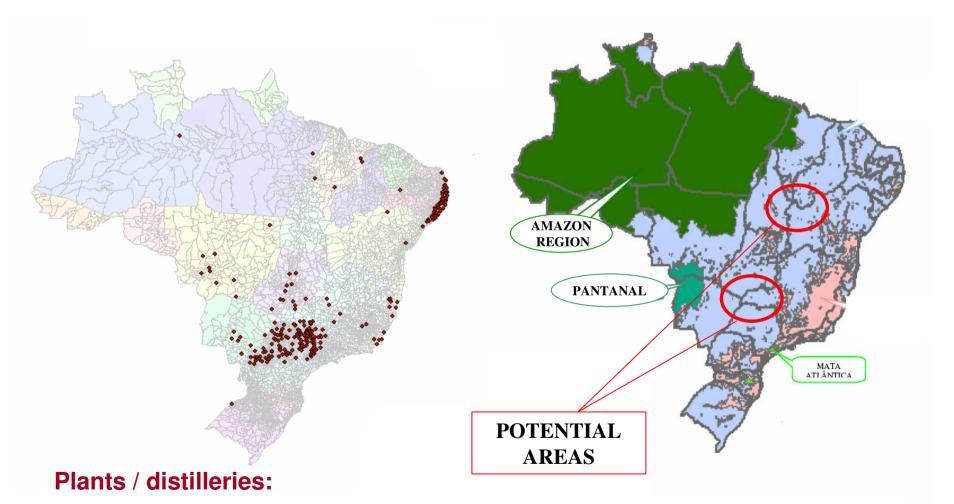
	2005		Estimate			
Livestock	Area	Productivity	Livestock	Area	Productivity	
(million heads)	(million ha)	(head/ha)	(million heads)	(million ha)	(head/ha)	
207	220	0.94	207	148	1.4*	

Potential area - 72 million ha

* Average SP

Sources: IBGE and IEA / SP

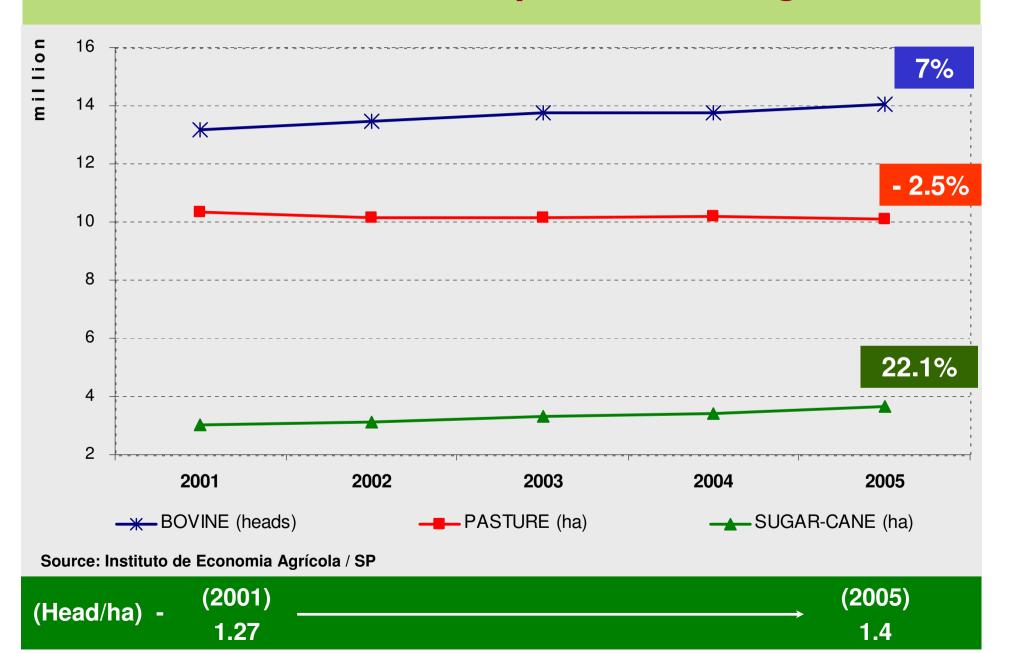
How to expand sustainable sugar-cane production?



Current number: 360 units

Estimate for 2010: 77 new units

São Paulo State: The expansion of sugar-cane



Challenges

✓ Liberalization of world agricultural trade.

Agricultural protectionism: it hampers the growth and the diversification of agricultural activities.

With a greater trade liberalization Brazil would be able to develop a more diversified agribusiness.

✓ Infrastructure: agribusiness expansion implies bulky investments.

Lucky chances for private investments

Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Food Supply

www.agricultura.gov.br